

- b. The basic principles of radiobiology, including external therapy and brachytherapy and their immediate application to the treatment of gynecologic cancers, as well as possible complications of treatment
- c. The basic principles of chemotherapy, including their pharmacology, indications, contraindications and common side effects
- d. Age and risk-appropriate recommendations for screening of reproductive cancers
- e. Routine care of postoperative patients and clinical skill development to recognize when a patient is showing signs and symptoms of physiologic decompensation such as sepsis, pulmonary embolus, myocardial infarct or internal bleeding
- f. Initial best practices for the acute care of a patient who is manifesting signs of physiologic decompensation
- g. Familiarity with pelvic anatomy, both internal and external with emphasis on the blood supply to pelvic organs, urethral location and course and retroperitoneal anatomy

III. Rotation Design

The rotation in Gynecology Oncology will involve direct participation in the care of patients in the operating room, outpatient office setting and inpatient hospital.

IV. Credits

